

To: American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network

From: Lake Research Partners
The Tarrance Group

Re: Notable findings from a statewide survey of likely voters in Texas¹

Key Findings on Access to Health Care and Cancer Research Funding

1. Likely voters in Texas place a high level of importance on access to cancer screening and treatment as well as on strong and consistent funding for cancer research, prevention, and detection programs. In detail:
 - 83% of likely voters in Texas indicate that it is extremely (57%) or very (26%) important to them that all Americans, no matter what health insurance they have, should have access to cancer screening and treatment that is close to home and affordable.
 - This rating crosses the political spectrum, including Democrats (97% extremely/very important), Independents (84% extremely/very important), and Republicans (72% extremely/very important).
 - 80% of likely voters in Texas also indicate that it is extremely (51%) or very (29%) important to them that the federal government should prioritize strong and consistent funding for cancer research, prevention, and detection programs.
 - This rating also crosses the political spectrum, including Democrats (97% extremely/very important), Independents (81% extremely/very important), and Republicans (66% extremely/very important).

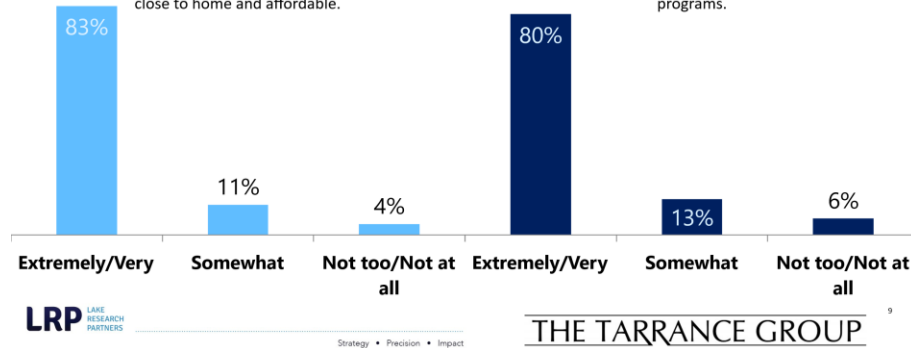
TX

How important is it to you...

Is it extremely important, very important, somewhat important, not too important, or not at all important?

All Americans, no matter what health insurance they have, should have access to cancer screening and treatment that is close to home and affordable.

The federal government should prioritize strong and consistent funding for cancer research, prevention, and detection programs.



¹ Lake Research Partners and The Tarrance Group designed and administered this phone survey that was conducted June 30 to July 12, 2026, by phone (landlines and cell phones) using professional telephone interviewers and text to online (a portion of the sample received a text to their cell phone with a link to complete the survey online). The survey reached a total of 563 likely 2026 voters in Texas. The margin of error is +/- 4.2%.

- These attitudes are driven by personal experience. Fully 79% of Texas likely voters have either been diagnosed with cancer themselves (11%) or have a family member who has been diagnosed with cancer (63%) or have someone close to them who has been diagnosed with cancer (30%).
2. **Likely voters in Texas are supportive of candidates who work to increase access to the healthcare people need.** Indeed, 72% of likely voters in Texas indicate they would be more likely to vote (57% much more likely) to elect an official who was a leader in ensuring healthcare is affordable and accessible.
 3. In simulated debates, **majorities of likely voters prioritize cancer and medical research funding over arguments in favor of reducing funding.** In detail:
 - 64% of likely voters in Texas select: “The federal government should continue prioritizing cancer and medical research funding, even when there is pressure to reduce overall spending.” This includes 87% of Democrats, 69% of Independents, and 49% of Republicans.
 - Just 16% of likely voters in Texas select “The federal government should prioritize reducing spending, even if that means reducing funding for cancer and medical research.”.
 - 60% of likely voters on Texas select: “The federal government should continue prioritizing cancer and medical research funding, even when there is pressure to reduce overall spending. This includes 83% of Democrats, 72% of Independents, and 34% of Republicans.
 - Just 19% of likely voters in Texas select “Because the debt and deficit are so high, the federal government should prioritize reducing spending, even if that means reducing funding for cancer and medical research.”.
 4. This supportive attitude toward federal funding for cancer research and for cancer prevention programs is also seen in vote likelihood, with **majorities saying they would be more likely to vote for candidates who are leaders for funding** and pluralities saying they would be much more likely to vote for these candidates. In detail:
 - 61% of likely voters in Texas are more likely to elect an official who was a leader in advocating for robust funding for cancer research (47% much more likely).
 - 58% of likely voters in Texas are more likely to elect an official who was a leader in advocating for robust funding for cancer screening and prevention programs (40% much more likely).

Key Findings on Tobacco Product Use and Prevention Programs

1. **Likely voters in Texas also have a notable level of concern about young people in their community using tobacco products.** Fully 58% of likely voters in Texas indicated they are very (30%) or somewhat (28%) concerned about this issue.
2. **This concern translates to likely voters in Texas seeing a role for the federal government when it comes to kids and tobacco use prevention programs.** There is strong support for these efforts:
 - 61% support for programs to protect our kids from the dangers of tobacco industry marketing,
 - 59% support for educating the public on the dangers of tobacco use, and
 - 49% support for funding programs to protect our kids from the dangers of tobacco products.
3. **Voters’ concerns about tobacco use translate into support for raising revenue for programs that prevent tobacco use through a new tax on tobacco products.** In fact, 65% of likely voters in Texas support a tobacco tax increase whose revenue would be dedicated to programs that prevent tobacco use (52% strongly favor).

4. **Voters are ready to punish elected officials who receive large donations from tobacco companies.**
Similarly, 65% of likely voters in Texas would be less likely to elect an official who had received large donations from tobacco companies (47% much less likely).

Final Thoughts

In sum, despite the increasing polarization across the public policy spectrum, likely voters in Texas strongly support key concepts like cancer prevention programs, cancer screening programs, spending on funding for cancer research and prevention efforts as well as efforts to prevent young people from tobacco use. These voters stand ready to show their support for candidates who pursue these goals.