Health Insurance Expansion United States



Since passage of the health care law in 2010 there have been significant changes in health insurance that have protected patients. Nationally, approximately 30 million Americans have gained health insurance coverage through the marketplaces, Medicaid expansion, and young adults being able to stay on their parents' insurance plans. This fact sheet provides information on how changes to the health care market have directly affected the United States.

Health Insurance Matters

Research by the American Cancer Society shows that uninsured Americans are less likely to get screened for cancer, more likely to have their cancer diagnosed at an advanced stage, and less likely to survive that diagnosis than their insured counterparts.³ Thus, having access to comprehensive health insurance coverage is particularly important for the **1.7 million Americans** who are expected to be diagnosed with cancer in 2017⁴ and the estimated **15.5 million Americans** who are cancer survivors.⁵

Reductions in the Number of Uninsured

Since 2010, more Americans have enrolled in health insurance coverage, resulting in historically low rates of uninsured. According to the U.S. Census, in 2015 the percentage of uninsured Americans without health insurance coverage for the entire year was **9.1 percent**, 6 compared to 15.5 percent in 2010.⁷

More Options in the Marketplace

As of January 31, 2017, **12.2 million Americans** enrolled in a Marketplace insurance plan – 31.3 percent of these were new enrollees.

- 10.1 million (82.7 percent) qualified for tax credits;
- The average monthly tax credit for states using the Healthcare.gov platform was \$383;
- The average cost of premiums after tax credits were applied for states using the Healthcare.gov platform was \$153;8
- 7 million (58 percent) qualified for plans with reduced cost-sharing.⁹

No Lifetime and Annual Limits

Current federal requirements prohibit all insurance plans from limiting both the lifetime and annual dollar value of benefits.¹⁰ Before these protections, **105 million Americans** – many of them cancer patients and survivors - were enrolled in health plans in 2008-2010 that imposed lifetime limits on their health benefits, affecting:

- 27.8 million children;
- 37.8 million adult men; and
- 39.5 million adult women.

Wider Coverage of Preventive Benefits

Current federal law provides enhanced coverage of early detection and/or prevention services. These services are crucial to reducing the incidence and impact of cancer in the U.S. They are also crucial in helping cancer survivors remain cancer-free and lead healthy lives. Between 2013-2015, **138 million Americans** were enrolled in private coverage that provided preventive services with no cost-sharing, including:

- 28.5 million children;
- 53.5 million adult men; and
- 55.6 million adult women.

Additionally, the Prevention and Public Health Fund provides almost 30 percent of all Centers for Disease Control and Prevention funding.¹¹ Between 2010-2016, the Prevention and Public Health Fund has expended almost \$6 billion to address chronic diseases, like cancer.¹²

No Preexisting Condition Exclusions

Current federal requirements prohibit health insurance plans from denying coverage to individuals with preexisting conditions like cancer.¹³ It is estimated that in 2015, **52.2 million (27 percent)** had a preexisting condition that made them unlikely to be able to obtain health insurance coverage in the individual market without this protection.¹⁴

Expanded Medicaid Eligibility

The health care law expanded Medicaid eligibility to all people up to 138 percent of the federal poverty level (about \$16,394/year for a single adult and \$27,821 for a family of three in 2016). However, in 2012, the U.S. Supreme Court left it up to states to decide whether to implement the Medicaid eligibility expansion. As of January 1, 2017, 19 states have chosen not to expand their Medicaid programs. If all states decided to expand their Medicaid programs, an additional **7.8 million Americans** would benefit – some of whom are cancer patients or survivors. If

http://www.cancer.org/acs/groups/content/@editorial/documents/document/acspc-048738.pdf.

¹ Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. *Health Insurance Coverage and the Affordable Care Act*. Published March 3, 2016. Accessed December 27, 2016. https://aspe.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/pdf/187551/ACA2010-2016.pdf

² Congressional Budget Office. Federal Subsidies for Health Insurance Coverage for People Under Age 65: 2016-2026. Published March 2016. Accessed December 27, 2016. http://www.cbo.gov/sites/default/files/114th-congress-2015-2016/reports/51385-HealthInsuranceBaseline OneCol.pdf

³ E. Ward et al. Association of Insurance with Cancer Care Utilization and Outcomes. *CA: A Cancer Journal for Clinicians* 58:1 (Jan./Feb. 2008), http://www.cancer.org/cancer/news/report-links-health-insurance-status-with-cancer-care.

⁴ American Cancer Society. *Cancer Facts & Figures 2017*. Available at

⁵ American Cancer Society. *Cancer Treatment & Survivorship Facts & Figures 2016-2017*. Available at http://www.cancer.org/acs/groups/content/@research/documents/document/acspc-048074.pdf.

⁶ Barnett, Jessica C and Marina S. Vornovitsky, Current Population Reports, P60-257(RV). *Health Insurance Coverage in the United States:* 2015. U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC, 2016.

⁷ Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Compilation of State Data on the Affordable Care Act. Published December 2016. Accessed December 2016. https://aspe.hhs.gov/compilation-state-data-affordable-care-act. Unless otherwise stated, all data points in this fact sheet are derived from the ASPE research brief.

⁸ Source for all data in preceding paragraph: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. 2017 Marketplace Open Enrollment Period Public Use Files. Published March 15, 2017. Accessed March 29, 2017. https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/Marketplace-Products/Plan_Selection_ZIP.html

⁹ Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. HEALTH INSURANCE MARKETPLACES 2017 OPEN ENROLLMENT PERIOD FINAL ENROLLMENT REPORT: NOVEMBER 1, 2016 – JANUARY 31, 2017. March 15, 2017.

https://www.cms.gov/Newsroom/MediaReleaseDatabase/Fact-sheets/2017-Fact-Sheet-items/2017-03-15.html

¹⁰ Unlike many other consumer protections, the annual and lifetime limit protection apply to grandfathered plans. Note that the prohibition on annual limits does not apply to grandfathered health plans sold in the individual market.

¹¹ Trust for America's Health. *The Prevention and Public Health Fund: Preventing Disease and Reducing-Long-Term Health Costs.* December 2016. Available at http://healthyamericans.org/health-issues/wp-content/uploads/2016/12/Fund-Backgrounder-Dec-2016.pdf.

¹² Trust for America's Health. *The Prevention and Public Health Fund: Preventing Disease and Reducing Long-Term Health Costs.*December 2016. Available at: http://healthyamericans.org/health-issues/wp-content/uploads/2016/12/Fund-Backgrounder-Dec-2016.pdf

¹³ This protection does not apply to individuals who are enrolled in a grandfathered health insurance plan.

¹⁴ G Claxton, C Cox, A Damico, L Levitt, K Pollitz. <u>Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA</u>. (The Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation). December 2016. Available at http://files.kff.org/attachment/Issue-Brief-Pre-existing-Conditions-and-Medical-Underwriting-in-the-Individual-Insurance-Market-Prior-to-the-ACA.

¹⁵ Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. *U.S. Federal Poverty Guidelines Used to Determine Financial Eligibility for Certain Federal Programs*. Published January 25, 2016. Accessed March 2016. https://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty-guidelines.

¹⁶ Kaiser Family Foundation. *Status of State Action on Medicaid Expansion Decision*. Accessed January 3, 2017. Available at http://kff.org/health-reform/state-indicator/state-activity-around-expanding-medicaid-under-the-affordable-care-act/?currentTimeframe=0

¹⁷ Urban Institute. What if More States Expanded Medicaid in 2017? Changes in Eligibility, Enrollment, and the Uninsured. July 2016. http://www.urban.org/sites/default/files/publication/82786/2000866-What-if-More-States-Expanded-Medicaid-in-2017-Changes-in-Eligibility-Enrollment-and-the-Uninsured.pdf